

## ? Topic Essential Question

What procedures can be used to write and solve equations and inequalities?

## Vocabulary Review

Complete each definition with a vocabulary word.

**Vocabulary**   dependent variable   independent variable   inequality   equation

- In the equation  $y = x + 9$ , the variable  $x$  is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ has an infinite number of solutions.
- In the equation  $y = x - 9$ , the variable  $y$  is the \_\_\_\_\_.

Draw a line from each equation to the property of equality it illustrates.

- |                                    |                                     |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 4. $(6 + 3) - 3 = 9 - 3$           | Addition Property of Equality       |
| 5. $(6 + 3) \times 3 = 9 \times 3$ | Division Property of Equality       |
| 6. $(6 + 3) + 3 = 9 + 3$           | Multiplication Property of Equality |
| 7. $(6 + 3) \div 3 = 9 \div 3$     | Subtraction Property of Equality    |

### Use Vocabulary in Writing

Describe how to solve  $\frac{3}{7}n = 27$ . Use vocabulary words in your explanation.

# Concepts and Skills Review

## LESSON 4-1 Understand Equations and Solutions

### Quick Review

The solution of an equation makes the equation true. Substitute each of the given values into the equation for the variable to determine which value, if any, is a solution of the equation.

### Example

Which value of  $x$  is a solution of the equation?

$$x + 4.8 = 19$$

$$x = 13, 14.2, 15.8$$

Try  $x = 13$ :

$$13 + 4.8 \neq 17.8 \times$$

Try  $x = 14.2$ :

$$14.2 + 4.8 = 19 \checkmark$$

Try  $x = 15.8$ :

$$15.8 + 4.8 \neq 20.6 \times$$

### Practice

Tell which value of the variable, if any, is a solution of the equation.

1.  $d + 9 = 25$   $d = 6, 14, 16, 21$

2.  $c - 8 = 25$   $c = 17, 28, 33, 35$

3.  $2y = 30$   $y = 10, 12, 24, 36$

4.  $150 \div h = 50$   $h = 2, 3, 4, 5$

5.  $f - 13.2 = 28.9$   $f = 38.7, 42.2, 45.8, 51.4$

## LESSON 4-2 Apply Properties of Equality

### Quick Review

The properties of equality allow you to apply the same operation with the same amount to both sides of an equation.

### Example

The properties of equality are illustrated in the table.

Properties of Equality	
Addition Property of Equality	$4 + 3 = 7$ So, $4 + 3 + 2 = 7 + 2$
Subtraction Property of Equality	$9 + 8 = 17$ So, $9 + 8 - 5 = 17 - 5$
Multiplication Property of Equality	$3 \times 5 = 15$ So, $3 \times 5 \times 2 = 15 \times 2$
Division Property of Equality	$16 \div 2 = 8$ So, $(16 \div 2) \div 2 = 8 \div 2$

### Practice

1. If  $6 + 2 = 8$ , does  $6 + 2 + 3 = 8 + 3$ ? Why or why not?

2. If  $8 - 1 = 7$ , does  $8 - 1 - 2 = 7 - 3$ ? Why or why not?

3. If  $4 + 6 = 10$ , does  $(4 + 6) \times 3 = 10 \times 3$ ? Why or why not?

4. If  $5 + 4 = 9$ , does  $(5 + 4) \div 3 = 9 \div 4$ ? Why or why not?

